

SEMI-WEEKLY INTERIOR JOURNAL

W. P. WALTON.

STANFORD, KY., - - JULY 31, 1891

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State.

Governor..... John Young Brown
Lieut.-Governor..... Mitchell C. Alford
Attorney General..... W. J. Hendrick
Auditor..... Luke C. Norman
Treasurer..... H. S. Hale
Register..... G. B. Swango
Supt. Instruction..... E. P. Thompson
Clerk Court Appeals..... A. Adams
Of Harrison.

County.

Judge..... W. E. Varnon
Representative..... D. B. Edmiston

The distinguished head of our State ticket, Hon. John Young Brown, ably assisted by the candidate for lieutenant governor, Hon. M. C. Alford, and Hon. W. J. Hendrick, candidate for attorney-general, have made a pretty thorough canvass of the State, and filled the boys in the trenches with enthusiasm everywhere they have spoken. Mr. Brown has made speeches in 80-odd of the counties, and has stirred by his eloquence many a faint heart into former democratic life and hope. He deserves to be elected by the full vote of his party and each democrat should feel it his sacred duty to go to the polls and help to swell the majority for the ticket to at least 50,000. The eyes of the nation are on Kentucky and her vote next Monday will tell how deep is her disgust for the means and methods of the party in power. The mere election of a State ticket is of small moment compared with the effect that an increased majority will have on the country at large. It will show how much we still adore the Kentucky idea and how greatly we detest the usurpation of Reed, the enactment of the McKinley bill, the attempt to foist a Force bill on the South and thereby take from her the right of free elections, and the wholesale raid on the treasury by the last congress, whereby over a billion of dollars was for the greater part absolutely squandered. Every vote for the democratic ticket which heads this column is a vote against these and other iniquitous acts of the 51st congress. Let every democrat gird on his armor and in the battle of the ballots fight till the last armed foe expires.

Why Should We Change?

For 40 years the people of Kentucky have lived under the present constitution. Within this period population and wealth have more than doubled. Immigration has poured into our boundary and industry has received a rich reward. Mines have been opened, factories have been erected, railroads have been built, schools have been encouraged, colleges have been endowed, churches have been established, roads have been laid out, agriculture has been fostered, stock-raising has been patronized, and State taxes have been low. There has been wanting no element which tends to promote the comfort or secure the happiness of our people. The rights of all our citizens have been protected. Our present constitution tide us over the turbulent period of the war. It was sufficient even then, if its provisions had always been observed, to secure to every man full protection of his person or full enjoyment of every right he claimed under the law. In times of peace, it has secured to us all that we have and still furnishes assurances for the future. It has restrained the vicious, it has punished the wicked, it has succored the poor, it has forced each man to a performance of those duties which man owes to man in a social state. Under it, crime has diminished and public virtue has waxed stronger. Under it, justice has been administered without sale, without denial, without delay. Under it, the laws have been faithfully executed and respect for civil government has increased. Why shall we change it now? It has done all for us that a people may rightfully expect their government to do. If we have been industrious, it declares we shall enjoy the fruit of our labor. If we have been virtuous, it affirms that no man shall make us afraid. If we have desired increased intelligence, it furnishes our common schools. If we have desired to worship God, its covenant of freedom of conscience has been our stay. Why shall we change it now? We have suffered no evil which it could prevent. We have endured no wrong which it could restrain. It is a noble structure, built by no 'prentice hand. Its architects and builders were schooled in their craft. For what shall we change it? Surely not for an untried THING! A thing of which we may surely say, it will give us trouble; a thing of which the best that can be said is, it is experimental. Why not let well enough alone? The question is not between the proposed constitution and nothing. It is between our present and the proposed. Vote against the proposed and you vote for the present.

DEMOCRATS do not be caught napping Monday. Go to the polls and vote the straight ticket.

Vote for the Old Constitution.

The delegates to the Constitutional Convention have announced that if their bantling is approved by the people they will re-assemble at Frankfort next September and will proceed to correct all errors of punctuation, rectify all the bad grammar, strike out all the surplusage and remove all conflicts and contradictions. To accomplish this Herculean task, how much time will be consumed and how much money will be expended? Waiving all question of the right of the Convention to alter the Constitution after the people have ratified it, the question recurs how are they going about the work? It is admitted that there is improper punctuation, bad grammar, some surplusage, many conflicts and contradictions; but the serious work begins in determining what parts of the instrument the people have settled on as surplusage and which of a number of conflicts upon a given subject the people want stricken out and which retained?

For example: Sec. 163 declares that all municipal corporations of the same class shall possess the same powers and be subject to the same restrictions. Yet Sec. 164 allows some towns belonging to the 3d class to have a tax rate of \$1.50 on the \$100, and others of the same class are limited to \$1 and still others of the same class to 75 cents. It is plain that these two sections are in conflict. Which one will be stricken out and which one retained?

Sec. 165 brings in another conflict. By its provisions some cities of the 3d class are allowed an indebtedness of 10 per cent, and others of the same class of only 5 per cent. How can this be, if all municipal corporations of the same class shall possess the same powers and be subject to the same restrictions? And which of the conflicting clauses will be stricken out?

Sec. 167 introduces another disturbing element. It provides that in some cities of the 3d class the trustees of the common schools may be appointed or elected, while in others of the same class they can be elected only. A unique way, truly, of conferring on municipal corporations of the same class an equality of powers and subjecting them to the same restrictions.

Sec. 104 declares that the sheriffs first elected shall hold their offices for two years only. Schedule 7 declares that they shall hold for two years and until their successors shall qualify.

Sec. 146 declares that a county judge shall be elected in 1894 and every four years thereafter. Sec. 155 prohibits the election of a county judge or any other county officer the same year a member of Congress is elected, and a member of Congress will be elected in 1894 and every even numbered year thereafter.

These conflicts are taken only as samples. There are between 30 and 40 more of them equally irreconcilable. When the people vote to ratify the Constitution, they ratify the whole of it, contradictions, conflicts, bad grammar, surplusage and all. If the delegates concede that these defects exist, how are they to get rid of them without a re-submission to the people? How will they determine whether the people want the sheriff to hold for two years only or for two years and until the successor is qualified? How will they determine whether the people want the election of county officers or the election of member of Congress to go by default? How will they determine whether the people want all cities and towns of the same class to be governed by the same laws and be subject to the same restrictions or whether they want some of the same class to have one rate of taxation and others of the same class to have a different rate?

By Sec. 135 no one who is as old as 35 years is eligible to the office of circuit judge. This is plainly and clearly expressed. Yet the delegates have publicly announced that when they re-assemble in Frankfort after the people shall have ratified their work, they will strike out this clause and substitute for it another and an exactly opposite one which will make any one ineligible to the circuit judgeship who is under 35 years of age.

How will they dare do this after the people have expressed an exactly contrary desire. What right will they have to do it? If they can in a material manner alter one single section, why can not they alter the whole instrument? If they possess this power, of what avail is the submission to the people of their work. Would it not be better for them to promulgate an organic law at once without putting the people to the expense of an election and the further expense of paying their per diem for another session which would be about as long as the first one? A proposition the people may well consider is this: If it took seven months' time and cost \$200,000 to manufacture a Constitution so full of defects, what time will it take and how much will it cost to get rid of them? A tailor will charge less to make a new suit of clothes than to make a fit out of one which fits no where. A carpenter will charge less to build a new house than to convert a stable into a mansion.

Vote against the proposed Constitution. It will be a vote against the friction of conflicting clauses; a vote against increased litigation; a vote against increased taxation; a vote against a dangerous experiment, and with a vote in favor of the Old Constitution which guarantees equal and exact justice to all men!

OUR discussion of the new constitution closes of necessity with this issue of the INTERIOR JOURNAL and on Monday next the people are to determine this most important question by their votes. It is encouraging to know, as we do from authentic sources, that the feeling and the conservative, sober second-thought of our people is daily growing in opposition to the new instrument and that the probabilities are that it will be rejected by a comfortable majority. We have earnestly urged the reasons which have occurred to us for rejecting the new constitution, because we sincerely believe that its adoption would prove of incalculable injury to the State. We shall vote against it for this reason, but shall not despair of the Republic if the majority should by chance be against us.

A SECRET ballot may be a good thing and it may be a bad thing. We can not tell how it will work without trying it. For this reason, the law requiring it should have been enacted, if at all, by the legislature so that it might be repealed if it fail of good results. By the proposed constitution, however, it is fastened on us whether it be good or ill. It may turn out that the power of corruption will be centered in the board of election officers instead of the election bumper. Perhaps this will be right. Election bummars should not have a monopoly of corruption. The officers ought to have a share of the spoils. Equal rights to all is a good motto.

THE Kansas City Times of the 28th contains a splendid picture and a highly eloquent sketch of Kentucky's next governor, John Young Brown, from the pen of Thomas T. Crittenden, for a copy of which we are indebted to Judge J. M. Phillips. The paper also contains several pages of advertisements of sales by trustees, which do not look well to those who are interested in the future of the city.

BARRY SOUTH, who of late years "could get nothing no how" from the democracy, has cast his fortunes with the people's party and is now howling against his old love with a fury that shows of what base metal he is made. South was a barnacle on the democratic ship and for our part we are glad that he has fallen off to find surroundings more in keeping with his nature.

The lobbyist and the corruptionist will receive better wages if the proposed constitution become the law. As matters now stand the lobbyist and corruptionist log-roll for a measure generally applicable to only one county. Under the new order, they will exert their great moral efforts in behalf of the whole State. Of course they will demand and receive better wages.

UNDER the proposed constitution, if the people of Lincoln county want a local law for their own benefit, the legislature will be powerless to enact it unless every other county in the State wants the same law. This is about as silly as a law which declares that no member of a family shall eat his breakfast unless every other member has an appetite.

WHEN the Lord made a constitution for the whole Israelitish nation, He embodied it in ten simple commandments. When our constitution-makers undertook a like work for a fewer number of people, they made ten times ten commandments. The constitution makers may be ten times wiser than the Lord, but they are the only ones who think so.

THE first legislature to assemble under the new constitution will remain in session from eight to twelve months, and at a cost to the people of from \$200,000 to \$350,000. Add to this the expense of the convention, and the people will have bequeathed to them a nice little public debt in the guise of a public blessing.

DISTRUST of the people runs all through the proposed constitution. Thou Shalt Not is written in every other section. How much better for the people had the constitution-makers but simply declared that they would run the government themselves and save the people the trouble.

It matters not whether the new constitution is adopted or defeated next Monday, we will feel that we have done our full duty as a journalist and as a citizen. We have fought a good fight and have finished the course. May we be able to record that success has crowned our efforts.

WHAT a blessed era of private virtue and public morality will be inaugurated when members of the legislature begin to travel without free passes! Free passes corrupt every man they touch. Only 70 of the immortal 100 of our constitution-makers travel on free passes.

If the proposed constitution is ratified it will be an interesting sight to the lover of good manners and better morals to see the flock of lobbyists and corruptionists corralling the first legislature.

The agitators and malcontents say they want reform in our organic law. Since they seem willing to pay over a half million for it, they must want it like the fellow wanted a pistol in Texas.

WHEREVER the proposed constitution touches a vexed problem between the people and the corporations, it decides in favor of the corporations.

WITH the costs of private legislation added to the public debt which will be fastened to the people by the proposed constitution, we may expect to hear the harmonious sound of cussin' by note when the sheriff begins his annual round to collect taxes and fee bills.

The proposed constitution makes discrimination in favor of the railroads already built and against those which are to be built in the future. Is this due to the fact that 70 of the 100 delegates had free passes over all the railroads in the State?

THE proposed constitution provides that the entire property of manufacturers may be exempted for five years from municipal taxation. It, however, forbids an exemption to the people of more than \$250 worth of personal property.

NEWSY NOTES.

The C. & O. will open its new line to the Hot Springs of Virginia on Aug. 15th.

Mrs. J. H. Bradshaw, of Paris, quarreled with her husband and then went and drowned herself.

While sitting under a tree watching a baseball game at Warren, Pa., two men were struck by lightning and killed.

Jim King, a Webster county blind tiger keeper, escaped from a mob which was about to hang him for cruelty to his wife.

Three labor leaders are under arrest at Butte, Mont., for murdering an editor who attacked their methods of doing business.

During a fight on a crowded excursion train, near Rockwood, Pa., a police man and two other men were thrown off and killed.

During the fiscal year ending June 30 last, 555,456 immigrants arrived in the United States, against 451,219 for the previous year.

Mercer county lost three of her oldest citizens by death this week: Joseph Carter, 88, Mrs. Patsey Crane, 94, and Mrs. Mary Crane, 68.

In ordinary railroad travel a railroad passenger's chance of being killed—without his own fault—is one in 2,000,000, and his chance of being hurt is one in 500,000.

W. J. Elliott, editor of the Columbus, O., Capital, was given a life sentence for killing A. C. Osborne, of the Sunday World. The trial has been in progress since May 11.

The National Republican Executive Committee met at Washington Wednesday and Messrs. Quay and Dudley resigned as chairman and treasurer of the National Committee. Their resignations were accepted and Mr. Clarkson succeeded to the chairmanship.

Two murders were guillotined in Paris Monday. One of them submitted quietly to his doom, but the other, a young man named Berland, fought his executioners like a tiger and had to be placed under the knife by sheer force, and when it descended he was still cursing and struggling.

It is said that the negro, John Craig, who murdered Mr. and Mrs. Frank Conaway and horribly cut two of their sons in Bourbon Sunday, had killed seven people, including one woman, whom he poisoned. It was with difficulty that a burial place could be secured for the friend, as no one wished his carcass on the premises. Craig has a brother under sentence of death at Columbus, O., and his father was hanged for murder.

CHURCH AFFAIRS.

Rev. Mark Collis, of Lexington, will assist Rev. John Bell Gibson in a meeting to commence at the Christian church Monday night next.

Rev. W. Y. Sheppard will have a service and administer the Holy Communion at Odd Fellows' Hall Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The Rev. White, a missionary to China, at home on leave, was struck and instantly killed by a train at Elmira, N. Y., as were also his little daughter and two of her companions.

Spurgeon began preaching at 19 (he is now over 57), and has in 38 years erected 37 churches and baptized 20,000 converts. His Sunday audiences for 31 years have been from 6,000 to 7,000 people.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



DR. MILES' NERVINE

There is nothing like the RESTORATIVE NERVINE discovered by the great specialist, Dr. Miles, to cure all nervous diseases, as headache, the blues, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, neuralgia, stiffness, fits and hysterics. Many physicians use it in their practice and say the results are wonderful. We have hundreds of testimonials like these from druggists. "We have never known anything like it." Snow & Co., Sykes, J. G. & Co., Hilliard, Ind., "The seller of all we ever had." Woodworth & Co., Fort Wayne, Ind., "Nervine sells better than anything we ever had." H. F. Wyatt & Co., Concord, N. H., "Trial bottle and fine book of testimonials FREE at druggists. Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhorn, Ind."

DR. MILES' NERVINE
TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

A. R. PENNY, Druggist, Stanford Ky.

THE DANVILLE FAIR

Begins August 4 and continues four days. This meeting will be the

GRANDEST IN THE HISTORY OF THE ASSOCIATION.

42* Great Races, Good Rings, Eichorn's Music, hearty Welcome.

C. P. CECIL, President.

J. A. LEE, Secretary.

THE WILLARD,

—LATE ALEXANDER'S HOTEL.—

THOROUGHLY RENOVATED AND IMPROVED.

RATES \$2.50 PER DAY.

Cor. Jefferson, Center and Green Streets, opposite Court-House, LOUISVILLE, KY.

W. R. LOGAN, Manager.

If You Need a Wagon,



Buy the STUDEBAKER, and you will have the best one made. I am agent for the celebrated

Oliver Plows,

And have reduced prices on both

Plows and repairs. I also have the Dicks Feed Cutter, Excelsior Cider Mills, Buckeye Force Pump, Cincinnati Elevator and a full line of Groceries and Hardware.

J. B. FOSTER.

H. J. McROBERTS.

W. H. HIGGINS.

NEW FIRM.

McROBERTS & HIGGINS,

SUCCESSORS TO STAGG & McROBERTS, dealers in

CLOTHING,

GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS

NECKWEAR

HATS, TRUNKS AND VALISES,

MEN'S AND LADIES SHOES

Go to A. A. WARREN'S

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E. C. WALTON, Bus. Manager

MEANS BUSINESS.

ENGRAVING beautifully and artistically done at A. R. Penny's.

Your account is now ready. Please call and settle. A. R. Penny.

Have your watch, clock and jewelry repaired at A. R. Penny's. All work warranted.

REMEMBER that all silverware, watches, rings, &c., bought at A. R. Penny's will be engraved free of charge.

PERSONAL POINTS.

MISS NANNIE MABIS is visiting in Harrodsburg.

CHARLES D. WEBB has been quite sick for a day or two.

MR. SAM M. OWENS is attending the Harrodsburg fair.

MISS MARY VANOV is attending the Harrodsburg Fair.

MISS JULIA PEYTON is back from a visit to Hustonville.

MISS MAMIE SMITH, of Somerset, is the guest of Miss Ellen Ballou.

MISS EMMA DODDS left Saturday to resume her school in Jessamine.

MISS MARY BELLE MYERS, of Lexington, is visiting Miss FOX PENNINGTON.

MR. CRAWFORD WHEATLEY, of Americus, Ga., is the guest of the Misses Alcorn.

HON. HARRISON BAILEY, of Shelby, is visiting Mrs. Cath Bailey and other relatives.

MR. J. WARREN HOCKER is back from Texas, looking as natural as a big sunflower.

MRS. C. A. MERSHON and Mrs. J. C. Mershon, of Covington, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Mershon.

MISS MARY DUNLAP, of Danville, and Mr. Lee Dunlap, of Missouri, are the guests of Miss Louise Bailey.

MR. T. L. CURD, leading merchant of Williamsburg, has been on a visit to his sister, Mrs. John Bell Gibson.

MRS. W. M. LACKY and Mrs. S. E. Lackey went up to Crab Orchard Springs yesterday to spend a few days.

MR. AND MRS. W. M. FIELDS, Anna Mary and Melvin, of Lexington, are visiting Hon. and Mrs. G. A. Lackey.

MRS. BETTIE MELVIN, of Louisville, and Mrs. Lucy Lewis, of McKinney, are expected to-day on a visit to Miss Cetie Thurmond.

MISS ORA WILMORE, of Jessamine, and Lottie Dillon, of Crab Orchard, are guests of Miss Ella May Saunders at the Portman House.

MISS H. T. HARRIS, Mrs. M. E. Lord and little Bessie, of Louisville, passed up Wednesday to Barbourville, where they will spend the heated spell.

MRS. J. W. ALCORN, Misses Anne Lou de Jarnette, Flora Wheatley, Mattie Wheatley, Annie and Mary Alcorn go to Crab Orchard to day to spend a week.

JUDGE AND MRS. R. J. BRECKINRIDGE passed up to Mt. Vernon, Wednesday, where the judge spoke in opposition to the new constitution, against which concern he is making a telling fight.

MR. GEORGE D. BURDETT, formerly of Lancaster, but for several years a citizen of Omaha, writes that fortune smiles upon Nebraska in the matter of crops and that the summer has been delightful.

MRS. SALLIE WELSH and her pretty daughter, Miss Allene, of Nicholasville, came over to see the Nicholasvilles beat the INTERIOR JOURNALS, and enjoyed the game greatly. They were the guests while here of Mrs. J. E. Portman.

MR. J. M. COOK, of Hustonville, has joined the grand army of life insurance agents, and will devote his time to presenting to the people of Lincoln, Boyle and Casey the merits of the Equitable Life of New York. General Agent T. L. Houston is with him here this week showing him how to corral a man and insure him willy nilly.

MR. HARRY McCARTY, the popular junior editor of the Jessamine Journal, and manager of the Nicholasville Base Ball Club, was delighted with the good work of his team and well as with the fairness of Umpire W. B. Penny. Mr. McCarty was also delighted with some of our pretty girls and we may expect to have him with us often in the future.

CITY AND VICINITY.

FIRST CLASS brick for sale. J. B. Foster.

GRAPES, pears, cantaloupes and watermelons at Peter Hampton's.

ELECTION officers will oblige us by sending us the returns Monday night if possible.

LEAVE your laundry with Severance & Son. Albert Severance, agent for Lexington Steam Laundry.

FOR SALE—Wardrobe, book-case, set dining chairs and an extension dining table. Geo. H. Bruce.

KINGSVILLE—Judge Breckinridge at the request of many citizens will address the people of Kingville this afternoon, when he will give them many potent reasons why they should vote against the new constitution.

GEORGE WELCH was tried at McKinney Tuesday for shooting Henry Ross, another darkey, and held over till circuit court in \$200. The shooting occurred a month ago but Ross has not been able to attend the trial.

NICE cottage for sale or rent. Apply to T. M. Goodnight.

An elegant line of new-style Hats at McRoberts & Higgins.

SOLE agents for Wooldridge Jellico coal. B. K. & W. H. Wearen.

Your account is due and ready for you. Please call and settle. W. B. McRoberts.

WHILE breaking a young horse Willie Shanks was thrown and received a painful cut in the head.

FRUIT Jars, Honey Jars, Tin Cans, Caps and Gums, Tin Tops and Wire at A. A. Warren's Model Grocery.

TOWNS taxes for 1891 are due and must be settled at once. Please be ready when I call on you. O. J. Newland.

THE U. B. F. lodges of this place will give a union picnic in Goodnight's woods to-day, at which there will be speaking and all kinds of amusements. A grand street parade will first be given.

PETER HAMPTON is a candidate for magistrate in this precinct. Pete is about as able to hold down a seat in a justice's court as the next man and he will doubtless be given a chance to do so.

THE rumor that the division is to be removed from Rowland to a point further south is again revived.

If the company has such intention our citizens ought to take steps at once to offer such inducements as will prevent it.

THE democrats of Casey and Russell will have a chance to vote for a good old Jeffersonian democrat for the legislature next Monday, Mr. James W. McWhorter. He has announced himself late, but it is yet time for his party to rally to his support.

OUR nominee for the legislature, Mr. D. B. Edmiston, is deservedly the most popular man in the county, and consequently he is accorded a walk-over by all parties. He ought to and doubtless will poll the largest vote ever received by a democrat in the county.

THE report that was current when we went to press Monday night that a married man and a young girl had run off together, we are glad to say proves untrue, though it came straight enough to us to warrant the use of names. Out of abundant precaution and through respect to the families we withheld them, however, and the sequel shows the wisdom of not being in too big a hurry to publish full reports of such scandals until they are fully verified.

THE Danville Advocate says the fellow with the stiff hand, who asked alms of our citizens and then got rapiorous drunk on their contributions, and after a night in jail was told to skip out or he would be punished, attempted his game on the people of that city, but Policeman Silliman ran him into Dr. Dunlap's and had his hand examined. O'Brien, as he called himself, protested, but the doctor began his investigation. A sharp knife soon opened the bent-up fingers and the rascal seeing he was beaten, begged for 15 minutes to get it. It was given him and he got. It is very seldom a worthy beggar presents himself and a general thing pity and money bestowed on such gentry is wasted.

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Published Every Tuesday and Friday

—AT—

\$2 PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE

When not so paid \$2.50 will be charged.

K. C. LOCAL TIME CARD.

Train leaves Rowland at 7:00 a. m., returning at 5:20 p. m.

L. & N. LOCAL TIME CARD.

Mail train going North.....12:30 p.m.
" " South.....1:34 p.m.
Express train " South.....1:33 p.m.
" " North.....4:47 a.m.
Local freight " South.....5:10 p.m.

The latter trains also carry passengers.

The above is calculated on standard time. Solar time is about 20 minutes faster.

That Your Hair

may retain
its youthful color,
fullness, and beauty,
dress it daily
with

Ayer's Hair Vigor

It cleanses the
scalp, cures humors,
and stimulates a
new growth
of hair

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.
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 A. S. PRICE,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Office on Main street, over W. B. McRoberts'
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R. C. MORGAN, D. D. S.
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Office on Main street, opposite Portman House,
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extractions. STANFORD, KENTUCKY.

THE SHELTON HOUSE,

D. A. TWADDLE, Proprietor.

Rowland, - - Kentucky.

First-class accommodations at reasonable rates.
Open day and night. Sample room and good livery
in connection.

94

COOK'S SPRINGS

Situated in a beautiful valley on Dix River, about
4½ miles east of Stanford, near the county road
leading from Goshen to the Stanford and Paducah
pike, will be a first-class and healthful Summer Resort.
First-class accommodations will be furnished to guests
and, as the Springs have been very recently opened,
the terms will be reasonable. Among the many
amusements will be dancing, boating, fishing,
etc. Carriages will meet guests at Rowland and
notify them of the season of 1851 will open with a
Grand Picnic June 19. Terms for board can be had by addressing

J. F. COOK, Prop., Stanford, Ky.

Farmers Bank & Trust Co.

OF STANFORD, KY.

Is now fully organized and ready for business with

Paid up Capital of - - \$200,000.
Surplus, - - - - 15,000.

SUCCESSOR TO THE LINCOLN NATIONAL
BANK OF STANFORD,(Now closing up) with the same assets and under
the same management.

By provisions of its charter, depositors are as
fully protected as air depositors in National
Bank. Each depositor will be individually
liable to the extent of the amount of their stock
therein at the par value thereof, in addition to the
amount invested in such shares. It may act as
executor, administrator, trustee, &c., as fully as
any individual.

To those who entrusted their business to us
while managing the Lincoln National Bank of
Stanford, we here tender our many thanks and
trust they will continue to transact their business
with us, offering as a guarantee for prompt attention
to same, that we have years' experience
in banking and as liberal accommodations as are con-
sistent with sound banking.

DIRECTORS:

J. J. Williams, Mr. Vernon;
J. M. Hall, Stanford;
J. S. Owsley, Stanford;
J. E. Embry, Stanford;
A. W. Carpenter, Milledgeville;
J. K. Baughman, Hustonville;
J. F. Cash, Stanford;
William Gooch, Stanford, Ky.
S. H. Shanks, President;
J. B. Owsley, Cashier
W. M. Bright, Teller
J. H. Baughman, General Book Keeper.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF STANFORD, KY.

Capital Stock.....\$200,000
Surplus.....16,500

Attention of the public is invited to the fact
that this is the only National Bank in Stanford.
Under the provisions of the National Bank Act,
depositors are secured not only by the bank's
stock, but by the stockholders' liability for an
amount equal to the stock, so that depositors of
this institution are secured by a fund of \$400,000.
Five sworn statements of the condition of the bank
are made each year to the United States government
and its assets are examined at stated times
by government agents, thus securing additional
protection to the depositors.

This institution, originally established as the
Deposit Bank of Stanford in 1851, then re-organized
as the National Bank of Stanford in 1852 and
again re-organized as the First National Bank of
Stanford in 1853, has had probably an uninterrupted
existence of 20 years. It is better supplied
now with facilities for transacting business promptly
and liberally than ever before in its long and
honorable career. Accounts of corporations, edu-
cational, firms and individuals respectively solicited.

The Director of this Bank is composed of

T. J. Foster, of Stanford;

Forrest Reid, Lincoln county;

J. W. Hayden, Stanford;

S. H. Baughman, Lincoln;

M. J. Miller, Mr. Vernon;

S. T. Harris, Lincoln;

J. S. Hocker, Stanford;

G. A. Lackey, Lincoln;

T. P. Hill, Stanford;

W. G. Welch, Stanford;

W. P. Tate, Stanford.

OFFICERS:

J. S. Hocker, President;
John J. McRoberts, Cashier;
A. A. McKinney, Assistant Cashier

95-15

MT. VERNON, ROCKCASTLE COUNTY.

—Mr. Champ Mullins has finished a
large store-house at Livingston.

—During a row at a dance on Skagg's
Creek a woman was shot one night last
week.

—The largest crowd we have had for
a long time was in town Monday at the
speaking.

—Mr. R. G. Williams, a rising young
orator, is stumping the county in opposi-
tion to the new constitution.

—Town Marshal V. P. Freeman has
resigned and Emmett Snodgrass has
been appointed to fill the place.

—Fleming Butner was held in the
sum of \$250 for cutting Dr. Sowder in
the head with a hatchet at Wildie last
week.

—Parties near Gum Sulphur had a
fight a few nights since. Two men, Rey-
nolds and Todd, were dangerously cut
with pocket knives.

—The pump house of the railroad wa-
ter tank at Livingston was burned Wed-
nesday morning. The fire started from
the smoke stack during the absence of the
pumper.

—There was speaking and speaking
here during the past week. Among the
speakers were Prof. L. V. Dodge, John
W. Yerkes, A. R. Burnam, R. J. Breck-
inridge, F. F. Bobbitt and W. R. Ram-
sey.

—Mr. H. C. Hasty, formerly a citizen
of this county, is from north Mis-
souri. Mrs. J. W. Nesbitt is visiting her
parents at "Ravenswood." Col. J. B.
Fish was here from Pineville during the
week. Capt. W. H. Spradlin is here
from Alabama to see relatives.

—To say the political pot is boiling in
this county would be putting it mildly.
It is flopping over at the sides and is
likely to quench the fires. The situation
is about as follows: After the nomi-
nation made by the republicans of a
candidate for the legislature in the per-
son of Mr. J. S. Joplin, Mr. G. W. Fagan,
of Pine Hill, a man having a con-
siderable following and one who has
much influence in the county, came out
as an independent candidate against the
republican. The platform is a promise to
introduce a bill to allow the people to
vote on the question of doing away with
the prohibitory liquor law now in force
in this and Laurel counties and substitut-
ing therefor a high license system.
On this platform Fagan has made a
vigorous canvass and has secured many
pledged supporters from all the parties,
even some of the prohibitionists coming
out for a change. Many democrats,
knowing the republican majorities in
the two counties and how difficult it
would be to elect a democrat and seeing
and believing no nomination would be
made and that none would offer to run,
pledged their votes and support to Fagan
under the impression that they
could by electing Fagan give the repub-
licans a black eye and repay some old
scores. Up to three weeks since no can-
didate from the democratic side had
offered. About that time it was rumored
that Mr. T. J. Ballard, of the Big Hill
neighborhood, had declared himself a
candidate on the democratic ticket. He
came in last week and consulted with
the county chairman, but would not
submit his claims to the party. At an
informal meeting at the court-house
Monday the democrats could come to
no agreement. They adjourned leav-
ing every voter free to vote for whom he
pleased in the three-cornered fight.

—Singleton—I asked Miss Passe, point
blank, her age last night. She said she
wouldn't tell me, but she would write it on
a sheet of paper if I'd sign my name to it.

Benedict—Well, what is her age?

"I didn't find out. The paper she pro-
duced was a marriage license."—Boston
News.

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